

Older Youth Provisions--Federal Bill Summaries and Comparisons

	Pandemic Protection for Transition Aged Youth Act (Bass)	H.R. 6766 (Langevin)	Heroes Act (Pelosi)	Child Welfare Emergency Assistance Act sec 103 & 202 (Brown)
Chafee IL Allocation		340 million through FY 21	50 million through 1/31/21	500 million (available for use until 9/23)
Direction or limitation on funds.				<p>“May” use funds for direct payments to youth.</p> <p>“Shall” use a portion of the funds to inform youth of both sections (Chafee, moratorium, and re-entry) and provide assistance in navigating services.</p>
ETV Allocation		160 million through FY 21	18 million through 1/31/21	“May” use 1/3 of the 500 million for ETV
State Match for Chafee		Eliminates state match through FY 21		No required match.
Age of eligibility for Chafee services	Provides an extension of eligibility for youth who were Chafee eligible as of 1/1/20 until 3 months after the end of the disaster. ¹	26 for FY 20-21	Removes age limit through 1/31/21	12 months after they would have otherwise lost eligibility for Chafee services in their state during the period of 2/20-9/22
30% cap on Chafee Room and Board		No cap for FY 20	HHS has the authority to waive the cap through 1/31/21	No cap for FY 20 Room and board can be provided to youth who are at least age 18 and were in foster care at age 14 or older for FY 2020

¹ There are three options for the time from which the 3 months can be calculated:

Requirement for SAP for ETV		Removes SAP ² requirement through FY 21	Removes SAP requirement through 1/31/21	Removes SAP requirement
Title IV-E extension	Provides an extension of eligibility for youth who were eligible as of 1/1/20 until 3 months after the end of the disaster.			Between Feb 1, 2020-September 30, 2022, “no child shall be found ineligible for foster care maintenance payments” due to either: 1. Age or 2. Failure to meet participation requirements (school, work, etc)
Moratorium or Requirement for continued provision of services	IV-E agencies “shall not deny a foster care benefit ³ to an eligible youth.”			Between Feb 1, 2020-September 30, 2022, no state or IV-E entity “shall require a child in foster care under the responsibility of the State to leave foster care solely by reason of the child’s age attained” Applies to all states even those without IV-E extended foster care.
Participation Requirements for Extended Foster Care	Suspends all participation requirements for youth who were eligible as of 1/1/20 until 3 months after the end of the disaster.		Gives HHS the authority to waive participation requirements for extended foster care through 1/31/21.	Between Feb 1, 2020-September 30, 2022, participation requirements are suspended for the purposes of IV-E eligibility for extended care.
Re-entry				Each state or IV-E entity must: Identify and provide notice to

² SAP is satisfactory academic progress.

³ Foster care benefit is defined as “foster care” under the federal definition, foster care maintenance payments, and benefits under the Chafee Act.

				<p>any child who was discharged due to age attained during the moratorium period that the child “shall be re-entered into foster care” unless he or she opts out and must</p> <p>Establish procedures to facilitate re-entry, including payment of foster care maintenance funds (including funds accrued prior to re-entry)</p>
Medicaid for Former Foster Youth Related Provisions		Requirement for outreach to youth who have aged out and are eligible for Medicaid for former foster youth.		
FYI⁴ Related Provisions		20 million for the FYI program.		

⁴ FYI is the Fostering Youth to Independence Program that is administered by HUD.